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Revised CISA/CISO (1)

Background:

Ι.

- ✓ AIFMD (entry into force in July 2013)
- ✓ Why? Need to give a chance to Swiss asset managers to access the EU market
- Shift from the concept of « public offering » to « distribution »
- What is « distribution »?
- What is a « qualified investor » and why is it still relevant?
- Twofold mandatory study:
 - ✓ From the sponsor/distributor to the financial intermediary
 - ✓ From the financial intermediary to the investor

Revised CISA/CISO (2)

Main transitional provisions:

Ι.

- ✓ 01.03.2013: entry into force of the revised CISA/CISO (subject to exceptions)
- ✓ 01.06.2013: entry into force of the revised article 10.3*bis* and 10.3*ter* CISA
- ✓ 31.08.2013: announcement deadline at FINMA (asset managers, distributors)
- ✓ 01.01.2014: new inventory duty (24 CISA/34*a* CISO + SBA Circular)

✓ 28.02.2014:

- Application deadline at FINMA for Swiss banks willing to pursue their activities as Swiss representatives of foreign funds
- Deadline for signing of a cooperation agreement between FINMA and the foreign supervisory authorities monitoring foreign CIS approved for distribution in CH

✓ 28.02.2015:

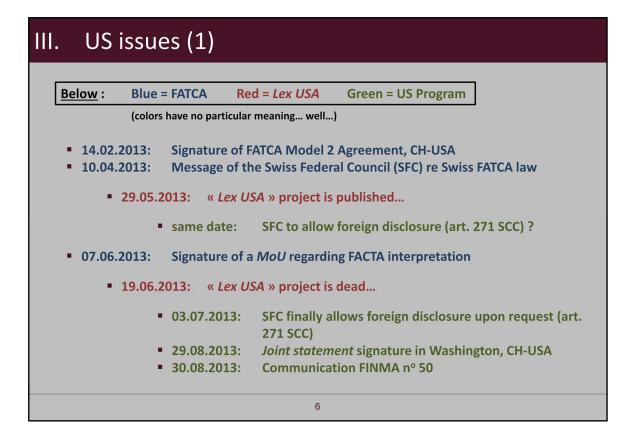
• Mandatory compliance with revised CISA and application deadline at FINMA for Swiss asset managers, distributors, representatives of foreign CIS (except banks, see above)

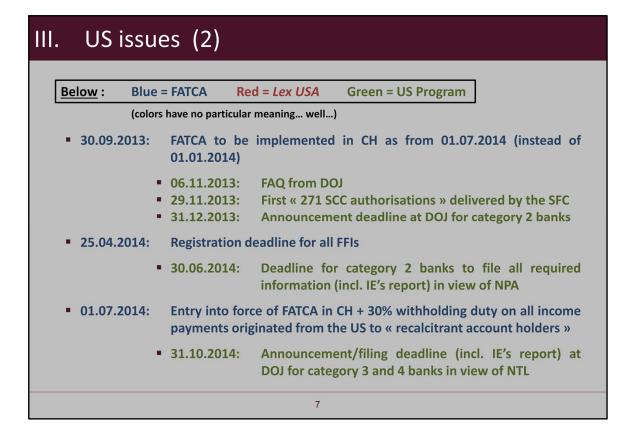
✓ 01.06.2015:

 entry into force of the opting-in requirement of HNWI (absent any discretionary management mandate)

II. Revised rules governing wealth management

- **Circular FINMA 09/1** « guidelines on asset management » (e.i.f. 1.7.2013):
 - Risk profile / investment strategy
 - Financial inducements
 - Calculation parameters <u>and</u> value range
 - ✓ A « Swiss Suitability »
- Implementation at the SRO's level?
- **SBA Directive of 6th November 2013** (e.i.f. 1.1.2014):
 - ✓ At least 23 preliminary versions!
 - ✓ Purpose: to adapt to FINMA Circular 09/1 and case law
 - <u>Existing clients</u>: contractual documentation shall be adapted by 1.1.2015
 - <u>New clients</u>: contractual documentation shall be adapted immediately
 - Main info: investment strategy may diverge from risk profile...
 ...but shall be subject to prior notice by the Bank





IV.	. French issues	
•	2011:	Announcement by French government of its intent to terminate existing double taxation treaty on successions (DTTS) with Switzerland, dated 1953
	19.03.2013:	Jérôme Cahuzac forced to resign as Minister for the budget in response to his alleged tax fraud
	11.07.2013:	Signature of a revised DTTS between CH and France
	04.09.2013:	SFC's message regarding revised DTTS
	05.12.2013:	 Indictment of <i>Reyl Bank</i> CEO's François Reyl Enhanced awareness of a legal/reputation risk in France and in Switzerland due to a possible breach of their duty of "fit and proper" conduct (<i>garantie d'une activité irréprochable</i>) Fundamental change in the way to handle French clients by Swiss banks
	14.12.2013:	Rejection by the SNC of revised DTTS The revised DTTS is (almost) dead!
	27.01.2014:	Article in <i>Le Monde</i> re their access to 2'900 names of the <i>Falciani list</i>
•	29.01.2014:	Mr. Reyl is free to travel back to Switzerland and to operate his bank
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VI. Pending/upcoming legal changes

- 1. White money strategy (Weissgeldstrategie)?
- 2. Revised CDB 2014/2015 ?
- 3. Financial services Act (FFSA / FIDLEG)
- 4. Financial Market Infrastructure Act (FMIA)

VI. 1. Weissgeldstrategie, quo vadis? (1) BAN ŧ ICI, VOTRE ÉVASION FISCALE EN TOUTE DISCRETION Ħ 1111 DANS LE 11

VI. 1. Weissgeldstrategie, quo vadis ? (2)

- 15.02.2012: Revised FATF Recommendations
 - ✓ Serious tax crimes
 - ✓ Bearer shares
 - Enhanced mutual assistance between administrative authorities
- 22.02.2012: Declaration of intention by the Swiss Federal Council
- 27.06.2012: Message of the Swiss Federal Council
 - ✓ Enhanced assistance powers of MROS
- 01.02.2013: Tax Administrative Assistance Act (TAAA)
- 27.02.2013: Two reports on the revised SFC strategy
 - ✓ Implementation of FATF recommendations in MLA
 - ✓ Enhanced duty of care of Swiss financial intermediaries with respect to undeclared assets
- 06.06.2013: Brunetti report

VI. 1. Weissgeldstrategie, quo vadis ? (3)

- 13.12.2013: Message of the Swiss Federal Council re revised AMLA
 - ✓ No more extended duties of care at this stage
 - ✓ Main proposed changes:
 - Improved transparency in the case of legal entities and bearer shares
 - Mandatory involvement of a financial intermediary for **cash payments of more than CHF 100,000** for purchases of movable or immovable property
 - Introduction of a predicate offence for "serious tax crimes" in the area of direct taxation (criteria: forgery + CHF 200,000 of unpaid taxes)
 - Extension of the term "politically exposed person" (PEP) to include domestic PEPs and international organisation PEPs, as well as introduction of corresponding risk-based due diligence obligations
 - Increased effectiveness of the system for reporting suspicious activity
- 2015: Implementation deadline of the revised FATF recommendations

VI. 2. Revised CDB 2014/2015 ?

- Why? FATF...
- Expected additional identification duties:
 - ✓ Identification of partners and shareholders (« Anteilseigner ») of operative companies
 - qualified shareholders only?
 - If yes, what threshold shall apply?
 - Company's management?
 - Any person or group of persons exercising control?
- Cancellation of "R" forms?

VI. 3. Financial Services Act (FFSA / FIDLEG) (1)

Genesis

Relevant dates

- ✓ FINMA Report of 22.10.2010 and Document of 24.02.2012 definitely argue in favour of such legislation
- ✓ 28.03.2012: SFC urges FDF to issue a draft law
- ✓ 18.02.2013: FDF report « key thrusts of potential regulation »
 - Reinforcement of surveillance
 - Better documentation regarding properties of financial products (*KIID*)
 - In case of wealth management or financial advice: *suitability*. Other services: *appropriateness*
- ✓ At present: Delayed issuance of draft!
- ✓ 1st sem 2014: Expected preliminary message and draft law
- ✓ 2016 ?: Entry into force

VI. 3. Financial Services Act (FFSA / FIDLEG) (2)

Expected changes

- ✓ IAMs, PTCs and other non-banking financial services providers definitely subject to prudential surveillance by FINMA
- ✓ Transfer of all existing rules of conduct in Swiss financial markets Acts (art. 1 FINMA Act) into FFSA
- ✓ Extended rules of conduct, such as to integrate MiFID's *appropriateness* and *suitability*
 - Repealling of 24 § 3 CISA ? Inventory duty not only for CIS distribution but for every financial services
- ✓ Accountability within 30 days upon demand ?

VI. 4. Financial Market Infrastructure Act (FMIA)

Relevant dates

- ✓ 16.08.2012: EMIR
- ✓ 13.12.2013: Message of the SFC regarding FMIA
- ✓ Mid 2015: Expected entry into force of FMIA
- Purpose
 - ✓ to regulate OTC derivatives markets, via:
 - settlement of derivatives transactions through a central counterparty
 - reporting to a trade repository
 - risk minimisation
- Consequence
 - Transfer of all provisions governing disclosure of holdings, public takeover bids, insider trading and market manipulation from SESTA to FMIA

VII. MiFID II reform: Dickens' great expectations (1)

- Historical recaps (secondary genesis...)
- Scope
- Goals (mainly 3) :
 - to reinforce Investor's protection by avoiding conflicts of interests between Investor and financial advisers / wealth managers
 - to reinforce reporting obligations towards national financial authorities, and
 - to rule technological innovations (high frequency trading)
- Relevant dates
 - ✓ 14.01.2014: European « *trilogues* » find a compromise legislation
 - ✓ Feb. 2014: Publication of consolidated final draft
 - ✓ 2014-2015: Level 2 legislation
 - ✓ 2016-2017: Level 3 legislation

VII. MiFID II reform: Dickens' great expectations (2)

Expectations...

- ✓ Transaction orders shall stay at least 500 miliseconds in any market order book
- ✓ Prudent optimism... as <u>institutional actors</u> (B to B)will have a free access to the european market, as long as foreign legislation and surveillance is considered as equal to European ones...
- ... as for private actors (B to C) Switzerland will have to negociate separately with each Member State regarding local market access...
- ✓ suitability (probable art. 25 MiFID II) will imply classification of all clients of Swiss financial service providers into the two traditional MiFID categories:
 - Retail client and
 - Professional client (probable art. 4 2 § 9 et 10 MiFID II A-PE)
- ✓ Extended duty of information to local Financial Authorities
- ✓ Switzerland will have to adapt numerous Federal Acts, though FFSA will be in force

VIII. Miscellaneous

• 01.01.2013: Revised adult protection rules

Relevant case law:

- ✓ TF 4A_122/3013: Bank's duty of care towards its client by virtue of its AML duties
- ✓ TF 4A_547/2013: Bank's ability to rescind option contract as a resulf of a client's failure to comply with a margin call
- ✓ TF 4A_27/2013: Jurisdiction applicable to consumers in the context of international bank services (Lugano Convention)
- ✓ TF 2C_119/2013: Incapacity of a bank's client to act as a party in a FINMA proceeding
- 01.05.2013: Articles 161 and 161bis SCC replaced by Articles 40 and 40a of the revised SESTA
 - ✓ Insider trading and market abuse as preliminary crime to money laundering if > CHF 1mio
 - ✓ Extended definition of *Tippee* (e.g. taxi driver hearing a confidential information incidentally)
- 01.10.2013 FINMA circular 13/8 on market abuse

Thank you for your attention!

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There were also...